



Multifocal Terahertz Radiation Generation by Beating of Two Cosh-Gaussian Laser Beams with Graphite Nanoparticles

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Abstract:

In this analytical study, we propose a model of terahertz radiation generation by considering the beating of two cosh-Gaussian beams with different frequencies of ω_1 and ω_2 in a spatially modulated medium of graphite nano-particles. We assumed that graphite nano-particles are in spherical shape and having two different configurations: (i) the electric fields of the propagating laser beams are perpendicular to the normal vector of the basal plane of the graphite nano-particles and (ii) laser beams are parallel to the normal vector of the basal plane. The electric fields of laser beams exert a nonlinear ponderomotive force due to spatial non-uniformity in the intensity. The electronic clouds of the graphite

nanoparticles acquire nonlinear oscillatory velocity under the influence of ponderomotive force. This ponderomotive force leads to the creation of a strong nonlinear current in the direction of laser polarization and at the beat wave frequency $\omega_T (\omega_1 - \omega_2)$, which can generate terahertz radiation. We show that, when beat wave frequency (ω_T) $\sim \omega_p$ (plasmon frequency of the nano-particles) and the electric field are parallel to the basal plane normal, a resonant interaction of the laser beams causes intense terahertz radiation. The effects of decentered parameter (b) are analyzed for strong THz radiation generation. Analytically results show that the amplitude of THz wave enhances with decentered parameters.