

Superthermal electron generation by two-stage acceleration of backward and forward stimulated Raman scattering in high electron density region

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The mechanism of two-stage electron acceleration by backward stimulated Raman scattering (BSRS) and forward stimulated Raman scattering (FSRS) is demonstrated through relativistic Vlasov-Maxwell simulation. The theoretical model is given to judge the condition of two-stage electron acceleration. The electrons trapped by BSRS inducing Langmuir wave (LW) will be trapped and accelerated by FSRS LW directly in the high electron density region. The superthermal electrons with energy larger than the energy at the phase velocity of FSRS LW will be generated by two-stage acceleration. In the condition of $T_e=2.5\text{keV}$, only when $n_e>0.138n_c$, can the electrons trapped by BSRS LW be accelerated by the FSRS LW directly. And the optimal parameter region is $0.108n_c<n_e<0.128n_c$ in condition of $T_e=2.5\text{keV}$ to control BSRS and superthermal electrons to a low level.

References

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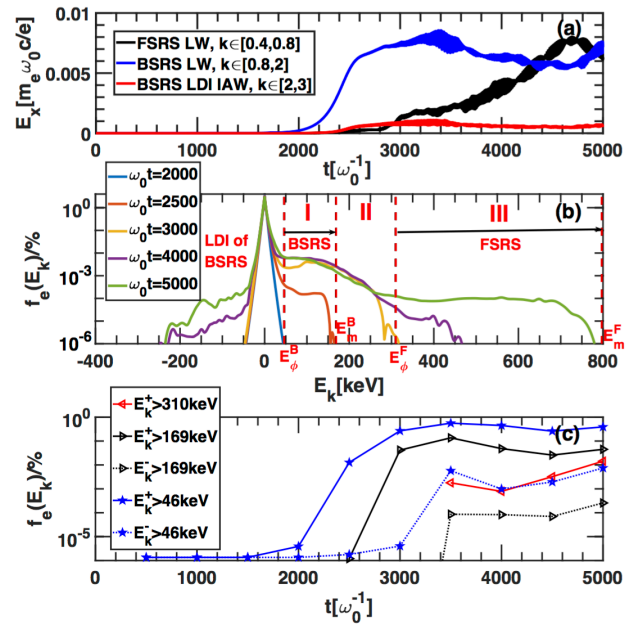


Figure 1 (a) The time evolution of LW of FSRS, LW of BSRS and IAW of LDI of BSRS. (b) The distribution of electron kinetic energy at different time. (c) The ratios of electrons in different energy scope evolution with time.